City of Idaho Falls

Erosion and Sediment Control Plan Designer Test

- 1. True/false. Erosion control is the primary class of BMP's to be implemented.
- 2. True/false. True/false. Soil type influences erosion.
- 3. True/false. A Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan is the same as an Erosion Sediment Control Plan.
- 4. True/false. The heart of your Erosion and Sediment Control Plan is minimizing erosion and stabilizing the site as soon as possible.
- 5. True/false. The concrete washout area should be shown on the Erosion and Sediment Control plan.
- 6. True/false. Core Best Management Practices include minimizing vehicle tracking and controlling fugitive dust.
- 7. True/false. The Idaho Department of Environmental Quality regulates air quality and fugitive dust in Idaho.
- 8. True/false. It's not important to protect stormdrain inlets on and around a site.
- 9. True/false. Coverage under the EPA's Construction General Permit is required for projects greater than 1 acre and those smaller that are part of a larger common plan of development
- 10.True/false. Perimeter controls help keep run on from coming onto a site and run off from leaving a site.

- 11. True/false. You must file a Notice of Intent and a SWPP with the EPA prior to starting construction if your project disturbs more than 1 acre.
- 12. True/false. Acceptable slope stabilization includes leaving soil exposed and hoping weeds will grow in.
- 13. True/false. Silt fence is an erosion control BMP.
- 14. True/false. Final stabilization includes anything (buildings, asphalt, concrete, landscaping) that covers bare ground.
- 15. True/false. Straw wattles should be installed along a contour, trenched in and staked every 4 feet.